

Challenges and Best Practices in Fighting Financial Fraud in Brazil

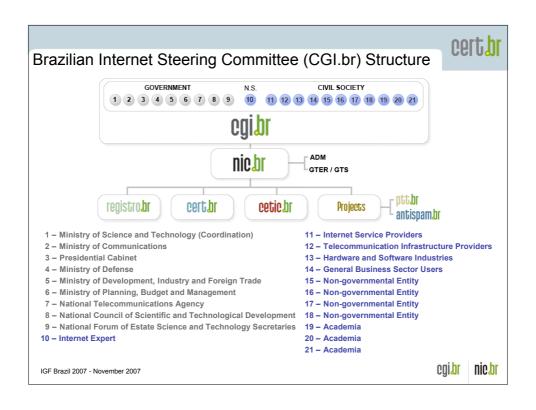
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Evolution of Financial Fraud in Brazil (1/2)

- 2001: brute force attacks looking for easy passwords
- 2002-2003: increase in phishing and heavy use of compromised DNS servers (*Pharming*)
- 2003-2004: increase in more sophisticated phishing
 - Phony pages very similar to the real ones
 - Data sent to other sites to be processed
 - "Pharming" actualy changing the user hosts file

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Evolution of Financial Fraud in Brazil (2/2)

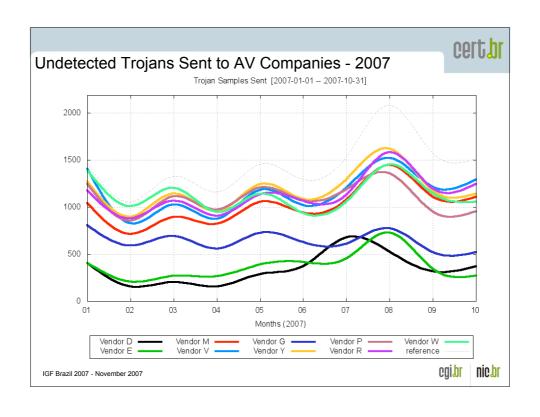


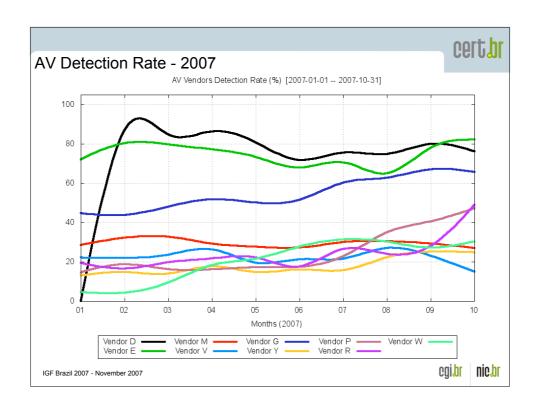
- 2005-2007:
 - "Traditional" phishing very rare (less than 1%)
 - Spams with links to trojans
 - Spam is not associated with the target (usually banks or e-commerce sites)
 - · E-mails use the name of well-known institutions or popular sites (airline, charity, shows, telecom, news)
 - The link is usually to an executable, or to html pages with JavaScript or heavilly obfuscated
 - Drive-by downloads are becoming more common
 - Via compromised websites with iframe or a malicious ActiveX or JavaScript

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Category	2006	2007*	
Unique hosting URLs	25087	16989	
Hosts	9671	9226	
Domains	5587	6731	Includes:
Contacts for the domains/networks	2143	1981	Keyloggers Sercen leggers
IP Addresses	3859	3820	Screen loggersTrojan Downloade
IP Allocation's Country Codes	74	76	
Unique trojan samples (unique hashes)	19148	14453	
Unique trojan samples / day	≈ 52.56	≈ 47.54	Does NOT include:
Trojans' file names	10155	8398	Bots/Botnets
File Extensions	73	86	• Worms
AntiVirus signatures (unique)	1988	2366	General Spyware
AntiVirus signatures (grouped by "family")	141	105	
Email notifications sent by CERT.br	18839	14930	





Cooperating to Fight the Problems (1/2)

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- · CERT.br focus:
 - Notify sites hosting malware related to frauds and phishing pages
 - · Mostly in other countries
 - · Other CSIRTs with National Resposibility are being of big help
 - Send undetected malware/trojans to 35+ antivirus vendors
 - Send new trojans to artifact analysis groups
 - Develop user awareness materials
 - Risks, threats, early signs of problems, basic tips, etc
 - Now in use by some banks in awareness campaigns
 - Used by major ISPs to inform their users

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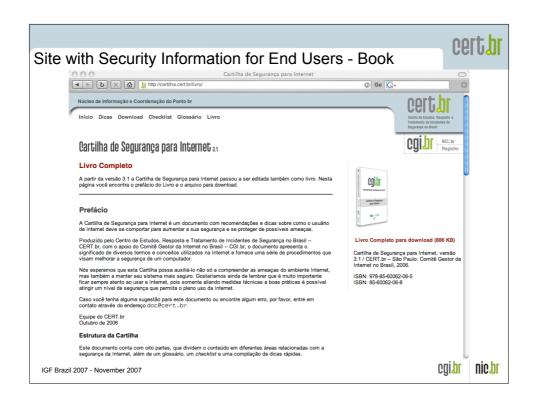
Cooperating to Fight the Problems (2/2)

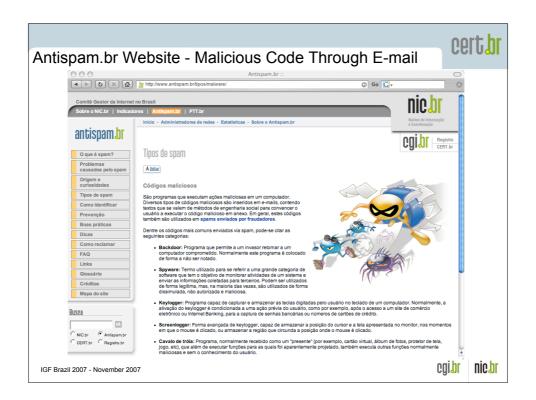
- · Regular meetings between CERT.br, financial sector and ISPs
 - Share new trends
 - Discuss best practices
 - CERT.br takes the discussions as input for the CGI.br task forces
 - Define strategies for
 - · user awareness
 - · spam/phishing detection and prevention

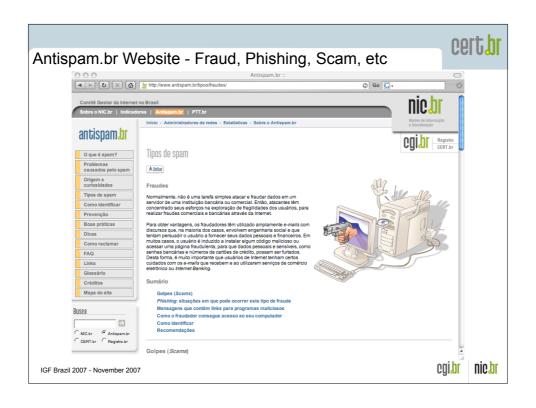
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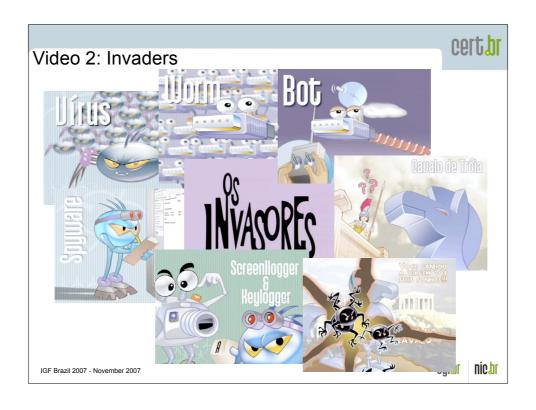




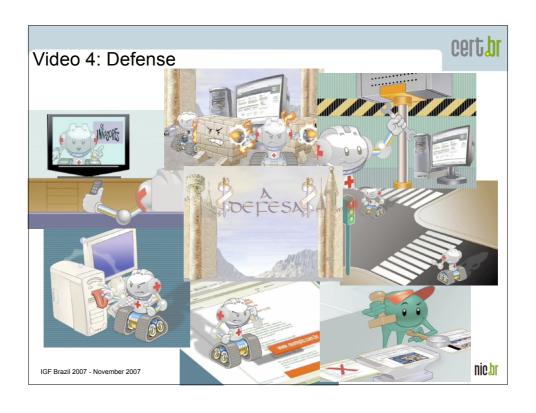


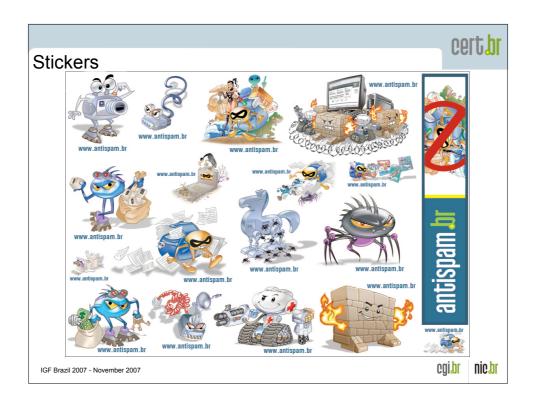
Other Initiatives • Best practices are being translated to Spanish by ANTEL Uruguay Incident Response Team • 4 videos - Navigating is Necessary - Invaders - Spam - Defense • http://www.antispam.br/videos/











Additional References

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- This presentation (next week) http://www.cert.br/docs/presentations/
- Awareness videos http://www.antispam.br/videos/
- CERT.br Computer Emergency Response Team Brazil http://www.cert.br/
- NIC.br Network Information Center Brazil http://www.nic.br/
- CGI.br Brazilian Internet Steering Committee http://www.cgi.br/

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